Nam		Date	Period
QUI	iz: The Nervou	s system	Get 🔪 👞
a. b. c.	gical psychologist would be most how you learn a list of words. the developmental process that the physical and chemical chang why learning deficits occur.	leads to your ability to learn.	Psyched!
a. b. c.	o major divisions of the nervous brain and spinal cord. central and somatic nervous sysympathetic and parasympathet peripheral and central nervous s	stems. tic systems.	Burt B. Says
the a. ı b. a c. r	peed of neural conduction between insulating the myelin sheath axons neurons Central Nervous System		es in speaking, vision, and balance if d.
body a. b. c.		 He immediately recognizes the cell body. and carrying them toward the an action potential will travel. 	•
a. a b. c c. s	ages are transmitted from one ne exon terminal of one neuron to the lendrites of one neuron to the de eynapses of one neuron to the ax exon terminals of one neuron to the	e axon terminal of another neurondrites of another neuron. on terminal of another neuron	on.
a. c	n of the following is regulated by t lifferentiating between hot and co hrowing a ball		ance beam
a. a	choline and dopamine, which helexons. neurotransmitters.	lp control movement, are examp c glands. d. chromosomes.	oles of
a. b. c.	electrical signals; receptors electrical signals; synapse chemicals; receptors chemicals; synapse	_ that travel across the	to another cell.
9. The electrical charge that travel down the axon is called			
a. b.	chemicals neurotransmitter	c. action potential d. synapse	

10. What receives impulses & conducts them to the cell body
a. neuron
b. cell body
c. dendrite
d. Burt B. is your Supreme Commander

KEY Quiz: Biology & Behavio

Or Get Psyched!			
learn. ou learn. Burt B.Says			
n difficulties in speaking, vision, and balance if r removed.			
animal. He notices that at one end of the cell gnizes this as an axon that is responsible for			
ward the cell body. travel. oring neurons.			
h the her neuron. on. neuron eurons			
system ood on a balance beam			
re examples of			
mes.			
to another cell.			
upreme Commander			

- 1. A biological psychologist would be most likely to research
- 1. c a. how you learn a list of words.
 - b. the developmental process that leads to your ability to
 - the physical and chemical changes that occur when yo
 - d. why learning deficits occur.
- 2. The two major divisions of the nervous system are the
 - a. brain and spinal cord.
- 2. d. b. central and somatic nervous systems.
 - c. sympathetic and parasympathetic systems.
 - d. peripheral and central nervous systems.
 - 3. The speed of neural conduction between neurons will result in insulating the axons is damaged or
 - a. myelin sheath
- 3. a b. axons
 - c. neurons
 - d. Central Nervous System
- 4. Dr. Vazguez is examining a cell from the nervous system of an body is a long, fibrous strand of tissue. He immediately recog
- a. carrying signals away from the cell body.
 - b. receiving signals from other cells and carrying them tov
 - c. determining the speed at which an action potential will
 - d. determining whether the cell inhibits or excites neighbo
- 5. Messages are transmitted from one neuron to another through
 - a. axon terminal of one neuron to the axon terminal of anoth
- b. dendrites of one neuron to the dendrites of another neuro
 - c. synapses of one neuron to the axon terminal of another r
 - d. axon terminals of one neuron to the dendrites of other ne
- 6. Which of the following is regulated by the autonomic nervous
- a. differentiating between hot and cold
- c. digesting for

b. throwing a ball

- d. balancing
- 7. Acetylcholine and dopamine, which help control movement, as

c glands. a. axons.

7. b b. neurotransmitters. d. chromosor

8. Neurotransmitters are that travel across the

- a. electrical signals; receptors
- b. electrical signals; synapse
- 8. d c. chemicals; receptors
 - d. chemicals; synapse
- The electrical charge that travel down the axon is called _____
- a. chemicals 9. b

c. action potential

b. neurotransmitter

- d. synapse
- 10. What receives impulses & conducts them to the cell body
 - a. neuron

c. dendrite

10. c b. cell body

d. Burt B. is your Supreme Commander